## What is claimed is:

1. A catalyst for the preparation of chloroform and chlorinated paraffins from carbon tetrachloride and paraffins, said catalyst comprising a complex of copper compound and nitrogen-containing organic compound present in a liquid phase base, wherein:

said copper compound is selected from the group consisting of a copper(I) salt and a copper(II) salt;

said nitrogen-containing organic compound is selected from the group consisting of a tertiary ammonium salt, an amino acid, an amide, an alkanolamine, urea, and derivatives thereof;

said liquid phase base is selected from the group consisting of an alcohol, a hydroxylcontaining organic compound, and water; and

wherein said catalyst comprises approximately 1.5–4.0% by weight copper compound and approximately 30.0–50.0% by weight nitrogen-containing organic compound with a remainder comprising liquid phase base.

- 2. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is a quaternary ammonium salt of the formula [NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>]<sup>+</sup> X<sup>-</sup>, wherein said R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are functional groups selected from the group consisting of alkyls, arylalkyls, cycloalkyls, and hydroxyalkyls.
- 3. The catalyst according to claim 2, wherein said  $X^{-}$  is an ion selected from the group consisting of chloride, bromide, and alcoholate.
- 4. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of threonine, asparagine, hydroxyproline, betaine, cysteine, and serine.
- 5. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is an amide selected from the group consisting of formamide, acetatamide, dimethyl formamide, dimethylacetatcmide, caprolactam.

- 6. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is urea.
- 7. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is an alkanolamine selected from the group consisting of ethanolamine, di-ethanolamine, triethanolamine, hydroxides of ethanolamines, and di-(2-hydroxyethyl)dodecylamine.
- 8. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said catalyst comprises 30.0–50.0% by weight of a mixture of at least two nitrogen-containing organic compounds.
- 9. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said liquid phase base is an alcohol selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, and isopropanol.
- 10. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said liquid phase base is an aromatic alcohol selected from the group consisting of phenol and alkylphenol.
- 11. The catalyst according to claim 1, wherein said copper containing compound is selected from the group consisting of a chloride, a bromide, and an acetate.
- 12. The catalyst according to claim 11, wherein said copper containing compound comprises cuprous chloride or cupric chloride.
- 13. A process for preparation of chloroform and chlorinated paraffins, comprising hydrogenating carbon tetrachloride by one or more n-paraffins in a liquid phase at least at approximately 150°C in the presence of a catalyst, and separating chloroform product from chlorinated paraffin product, wherein said carbon tetrachloride and said paraffin are provided for hydrogenating at a molar ratio of approximately at least 1:1; wherein said catalyst is present during said hydrogenating in an amount relative to said carbon tetrachloride and said one or more paraffins equal to approximately 1-10% by volume; and wherein said catalyst comprises:

approximately 1.5–4.0% by weight of a copper compound selected from the group consisting of a copper(I) compound and a copper(II) compound;

approximately 30.0–50.0% by weight of a nitrogen-containing organic compound selected from the group consisting of a tertiary ammonium salt, an amino acid, an amide, an alkanolamine, urea, and derivatives thereof; and

a liquid phase base selected from the group consisting of an alcohol, a hydroxylcontaining organic compound, and water.

- 14. The process according to claim 13, wherein said one or more n-paraffins comprises a mixture of paraffins selected from alkanes having between about 10-20 carbon atoms.
- 15. The process according to claim 13, wherein said hydrogenating is carried out at said temperature for approximately 3-12 hours.
- 16. The process according to claim 15, wherein said hydrogenating is carried out at said temperature for approximately 6-8 hours.
- 17. The process according to claim 16, wherein said temperature is approximately 150-170°C.
- 18. The process according to claim 17, wherein said carbon tetrachloride and said paraffin are provided for hydrogenating at a molar ratio of approximately between 1:1 to 2:1.
- 18. The process according to claim 16, wherein said carbon tetrachloride and said paraffin are provided for hydrogenating at a molar ratio of approximately between 1:1 to 2:1.
- 19. The process according to claim 13, wherein said carbon tetrachloride and said paraffin are provided for hydrogenating at a molar ratio of approximately between 1:1 to 2:1.
- 20. The process according to claim 13, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is a quaternary ammonium salt of the formula [NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>]<sup>+</sup>X<sup>-</sup>, wherein said R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are functional groups selected from the group consisting of alkyls, arylalkyls, cycloalkyls, and hydroxyalkyls.

- 21. The process according to claim 20, wherein said X is an ion selected from the group consisting of chloride, bromide, and alcoholate.
- 22. The process according to claim 13, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is an amino acid selected from the group consisting of threonine, asparagine, hydroxyproline, betaine, cysteine, and serine.
- 23. The process according to claim 13, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is an amide selected from the group consisting of formamide, acetatamide, dimethyl formamide, dimethylacetatcmide, caprolactam.
- 24. The process according to claim 13, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is urea.
- 25. The process according to claim 13, wherein said nitrogen-containing organic compound is an alkanolamine selected from the group consisting of ethanolamine, di-ethanolamine, triethanolamine, hydroxides of ethanolamines, and di-(2-hydroxyethyl)dodecylamine.
- 26. The process according to claim 13, wherein said catalyst comprises 30.0–50.0% by weight of a mixture of at least two nitrogen-containing organic compounds.
- 27. The process according to claim 13, wherein said liquid phase base is an alcohol selected from the group consisting of methanol, ethanol, and isopropanol.
- 28. The process according to claim 13, wherein said liquid phase base is an aromatic alcohol selected from the group consisting of phenol and alkylphenol.
- 29. The process according to claim 13, further comprising separating said chlorinated n-paraffin product according to size of paraffin.

30. The process according to claim 13, wherein said temperature is maintained at approximately 150-170°C.